

US I CP /STUDY GUIDE UNIT 2 (33 MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS)

TERMS/PEOPLE/IDEAS TO KNOW

1. Market Revolution (Causes and effects)
2. Peculiar Institution
3. Abolitionism
4. Underground Railroad
5. Nat Turner
6. Lowell Textile Mills, turnouts, characteristics of factories and workers
7. Treatment of slaves, rebellion of slaves (small and large)
8. American Anti-Slavery Society
9. Sojourner Truth
10. John Deere and his plow
11. McCormick's reaper
12. William Lloyd Garrison
13. Seneca Falls Convention
14. Immigration prior to the Civil War (Irish)
15. South's growing dependence on slavery vs North's increasing industrialization
16. Proportion of Southern slave owners
17. Angelina and Sarah Grimke
18. Traits of the average American (Yankee) farmer (independent, self reliant, attempted to be virtuous)
19. John Quincy Adams
20. Andrew Jackson
21. Birth of the Democratic Party
22. Trail of Tears
23. Corrupt Bargain
24. Era of Good Feelings
25. Spoils System
26. Tariff of Abominations, South Carolina's reaction, John Calhoun, Kentucky and Virginia Resolutions
27. Five Civilized Tribes
28. Peggy Eaton Affair
29. Cotton Gin, creator, effects

#	QUESTIONS
1	What was the 'peculiar institution?'
2	She was a female escaped slave who is famous for the "Ain't I a Woman" speech?
3	What issue broke up the Anti-Slavery Society that was formed in the antebellum era?
4	The southerner who is well known for calling slavery a "positive good" is _____.
5	What was the purpose of the Underground Railroad?
6	She is known to have made several trips back south (after escaping slavery herself) to help with the Underground Railroad.
7	What did Nat Turner do?
8	How would you describe the initial workforce at the Lowell textile mills?
9	Who eventually replaced the Yankee farm girls at the Lowell textile mills?
10	When did poor Irish women begin replacing the Yankee farm girls at the Lowell textile mills?
11	What caused the first "turn out" at the Lowell textile mills?
12	What caused the second "turn out" at the Lowell textile mills?
13	For what 2 reasons was the first "turn out" at the Lowell textile mills unsuccessful?
14	Why was the second "turn out" at the Lowell textile mills successful?
15	What does it mean to "turn out," – as in "the Lowell factory workers "turned out"?
16	What 2 years did the Lowell factory workers "turn out?"
17	BANKRUPT
18	Why did the Lowell factory workers, in a way, want those tons and tons of rules at the factory?
19	True or False – slave-owners often whipped their slaves.
20	Who invented the "mechanical reaper" which revolutionized farming?
21	He is well known as being a very radical abolitionist and the editor of an abolitionist newspaper called the "Liberator."
22	Where did women (and some men) meet to draft a declaration of women's equality?
23	What was the document called in which women (and some men) met in Seneca Falls, NY to assert women's equality?
24	She is well known for hiding in an attic for 7 years to save her kids, and for authoring the first slave narrative.
25	This "white" female abolitionist was well known for defending the propriety (i.e. properness, appropriateness) of women agitating for the end of slavery, which overstepped the usual role women were to play in society.
26	Which "sphere" were women expected to remain in?
27	Which "sphere" were men expected to remain in?
28	What were women's responsibilities in the "domestic sphere?"
29	Besides German, which ethnicity began coming to the United States in the 1830s?
30	True or False – the southern economy grew tremendously during the antebellum era?
31	The term referring to the 1815-1860, the era when the way the economy and the way people obtained the things that were needed and also changed the organization of the workplace was called _____,
32	What was the #1 factor (besides cotton) that caused the South to become one of the biggest economies in the world during the antebellum era?
33	What percentage of the "white" south never owned a slave?
34	True or False – William Lloyd eventually suggested secession by the North in order to rid the United States of slavery.
35	True or False – the convention at Seneca Falls, NY, in which women drafted the <i>Declaration of Sentiments</i> asserting their equality, paid a great deal of attention to the plight of working class girls – such as the Irish at Lowell.
36	He is well known for being an escaped slave, a protégé of William Lloyd Garrison, and an abolitionist.
37	The _____ economy refers to the practice of farmers being very cooperative, and growing what they needed and trading the surplus for what they couldn't grow or make. It was prevalent prior to the Market Revolution.
38	A person who agreed to be trained in a certain trade & expected to eventually own his own shop was called an ____.
39	An artisan who mastered his trade and had his own shop was called a _____ craftsman.
40	An artisan who was fully trained in a trade, but had to work for a master craftsman and save up for his own shop was a ____.

41	Which future President ripped the Democratic-Republican Party apart (to form the modern Democratic Party) when he felt cheated out of the Presidency? What was the name of that alleged secret deal that he claimed robbed him of the election?
42	What was the name of the deadly voyage the Cherokee tribe was forced to make from Georgia to the Plains states?
43	Who invented the cotton gin? How did it change slavery?
44	Andrew Jackson refused to fire his Secretary of War (who was shunned by the rest of his Cabinet) in what is known as the ____
45	Native tribes, on the east coast, that adopted Western (i.e. European and American) culture in the early 19 th century were known as the ____